

Matlab 作业：克拉默法则

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例：按正态分布生成一个 8 阶矩阵 A 和一个 8×1 矩阵 B , 用克拉默法则, 解线性方程组 $Ax = B$.

在 Matlab 的命令窗口键入

```
A=randn(8)
B=rand(8,1)
B1=A;
B1(:,1)=B;
B2=A;
B2(:,2)=B;
B3=A;
B3(:,3)=B;
B4=A;
B4(:,4)=B;
B5=A;
B5(:,5)=B;
B6=A;
B6(:,6)=B;
B7=A;
B7(:,7)=B;
B8=A;
B8(:,8)=B;
x_1=det(B1)/det(A)
x_2=det(B2)/det(A)
x_3=det(B3)/det(A)
x_4=det(B4)/det(A)
```

$$x_5 = \det(B5) / \det(A)$$

$$x_6 = \det(B6) / \det(A)$$

$$x_7 = \det(B7) / \det(A)$$

$$x_8 = \det(B8) / \det(A)$$

输出

A =

0.4282	-0.3775	0.6232	1.0823	0.7812	0.3274	1.4725	0.1286
0.8956	-0.2959	0.7990	-0.1315	0.5690	0.2341	0.0557	0.6565
0.7310	-1.4751	0.9409	0.3899	-0.8217	0.0215	-1.2173	-1.1678
0.5779	-0.2340	-0.9921	0.0880	-0.2656	-1.0039	-0.0412	-0.4606
0.0403	0.1184	0.2120	-0.6355	-1.1878	-0.9471	-1.1283	-0.2624
0.6771	0.3148	0.2379	-0.5596	-2.2023	-0.3744	-1.3493	-1.2132
0.5689	1.4435	-1.0078	0.4437	0.9863	-1.1859	-0.2611	-1.3194
-0.2556	-0.3510	-0.7420	-0.9499	-0.5186	-1.0559	0.9535	0.9312

B =

0.8214
0.4447
0.6154
0.7919
0.9218
0.7382
0.1763
0.4057

x_1 =

0.5045

x_2 =

0.1657

x_3 =

0.3392

x_4 =

1.2310

x_5 =

-0.6541

x_6 =

-0.9614

x_7 =

-0.1053

$x_8 =$

0.8161

则系数矩阵

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0.4282 & -0.3775 & 0.6232 & 1.0823 & 0.7812 & 0.3274 & 1.4725 & 0.1286 \\ 0.8956 & -0.2959 & 0.7990 & -0.1315 & 0.5690 & 0.2341 & 0.0557 & 0.6565 \\ 0.7310 & -1.4751 & 0.9409 & 0.3899 & -0.8217 & 0.0215 & -1.2173 & -1.1678 \\ 0.5779 & -0.2340 & -0.9921 & 0.0880 & -0.2656 & -1.0039 & -0.0412 & -0.4606 \\ 0.0403 & 0.1184 & 0.2120 & -0.6355 & -1.1878 & -0.9471 & -1.1283 & -0.2624 \\ 0.6771 & 0.3148 & 0.2379 & -0.5596 & -2.2023 & -0.3744 & -1.3493 & -1.2132 \\ 0.5689 & 1.4435 & -1.0078 & 0.4437 & 0.9863 & -1.1859 & -0.2611 & -1.3194 \\ -0.2556 & -0.3510 & -0.7420 & -0.9499 & -0.5186 & -1.0559 & 0.9535 & 0.9312 \end{pmatrix},$$

常数项为

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 0.8214 \\ 0.4447 \\ 0.6154 \\ 0.7919 \\ 0.9218 \\ 0.7382 \\ 0.1763 \\ 0.4057 \end{pmatrix}$$

解为

$$x = \begin{pmatrix} 0.5045 \\ 0.1657 \\ 0.3392 \\ 1.2310 \\ -0.6541 \\ -0.9614 \\ -0.1053 \\ 0.8161 \end{pmatrix}$$

另一方法:

在 Matlab 编辑器内编辑下列程序:

```

n=8;
A=randn(n)
B=randn(n,1)
x=zeros(n,1);
for j=1:n
    B1=A;
    B1(:,j)=B;
    x(j,1)=det(B1)/det(A);
end
x

```

并在工具栏点击 run, 则在命令窗口输出

A =

```

-1.6041   -2.1707    0.3803    0.4282   -0.3775    0.6232    1.0823    0.7812
 0.2573   -0.0592   -1.0091    0.8956   -0.2959    0.7990   -0.1315    0.5690
-1.0565   -1.0106   -0.0195    0.7310   -1.4751    0.9409    0.3899   -0.8217
 1.4151    0.6145   -0.0482    0.5779   -0.2340   -0.9921    0.0880   -0.2656
-0.8051    0.5077    0.0000    0.0403    0.1184    0.2120   -0.6355   -1.1878
 0.5287    1.6924   -0.3179    0.6771    0.3148    0.2379   -0.5596   -2.2023
 0.2193    0.5913    1.0950    0.5689    1.4435   -1.0078    0.4437    0.9863
-0.9219   -0.6436   -1.8740   -0.2556   -0.3510   -0.7420   -0.9499   -0.5186

```

B =

```

0.3274
0.2341
0.0215
-1.0039
-0.9471
-0.3744

```

-1.1859

-1.0559

$x =$

-0.3908

1.3800

-1.2729

-1.4582

-0.2513

0.7789

2.8347

0.2000

则系数矩阵为

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1.6041 & -2.1707 & 0.3803 & 0.4282 & -0.3775 & 0.6232 & 1.0823 & 0.7812 \\ 0.2573 & -0.0592 & -1.0091 & 0.8956 & -0.2959 & 0.7990 & -0.1315 & 0.5690 \\ -1.0565 & -1.0106 & -0.0195 & 0.7310 & -1.4751 & 0.9409 & 0.3899 & -0.8217 \\ 1.4151 & 0.6145 & -0.0482 & 0.5779 & -0.2340 & -0.9921 & 0.0880 & -0.2656 \\ -0.8051 & 0.5077 & 0.0000 & 0.0403 & 0.1184 & 0.2120 & -0.6355 & -1.1878 \\ 0.5287 & 1.6924 & -0.3179 & 0.6771 & 0.3148 & 0.2379 & -0.5596 & -2.2023 \\ 0.2193 & 0.5913 & 1.0950 & 0.5689 & 1.4435 & -1.0078 & 0.4437 & 0.9863 \\ -0.9219 & -0.6436 & -1.8740 & -0.2556 & -0.3510 & -0.7420 & -0.9499 & -0.5186 \end{pmatrix}$$

常数项为

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 0.3274 \\ 0.2341 \\ 0.0215 \\ -1.0039 \\ -0.9471 \\ -0.3744 \\ -1.1859 \\ -1.0559 \end{pmatrix}$$

解为

$$x = \begin{pmatrix} -0.3908 \\ 1.3800 \\ -1.2729 \\ -1.4582 \\ -0.2513 \\ 0.7789 \\ 2.8347 \\ 0.2000 \end{pmatrix}$$

补充作业：按均匀分布生成一个 7 阶矩阵 A 和一个 7×1 矩阵 B , 用克拉默法则, 解线性方程组 $Ax = B$.